

**Life Principle:
PROBLEM-SOLVING
The Lion and the Boar - Aesop Fable**

On a summer day, when the great heat [induced](#) a general thirst, a Lion and a Boar came at the same moment to a small well to drink. They fiercely [disputed](#) which of them should drink first, and were soon engaged in the [agonies](#) of a mortal combat. On their stopping on a sudden to take breath for the fiercer renewal of the [strife](#), they saw some Vultures waiting in the distance to feast on the one which should fall first.

They at once made up their quarrel, saying:

"It is better for us to make friends, than to become the food of Crows or Vultures, as will certainly happen if we are disabled."

[The Lion and the Boar – two versions](#)

[The Lion and the Boar - Panchatantra Story - 5:21 min.](#)

[Lesson Plans for Teaching Fables](#)

[Lion and the Boar Venn Diagram](#)

[Life Application Lesson for Fables/Myths](#)

[Choice Lion Problem-solving Worksheet](#)

Handy Curriculum [Page One](#), [Page Two](#)

[Choice Problem-solving Worksheet](#)

[Learning Strategies](#)

Step 1: Question Focus: "Cooperation"

[Question Formulation Technique](#)

-- A Cooperative Learning Strategy

Step 2: Produce Questions.

Rules for producing questions:

1. Ask as many questions as you can.
2. Change any statements into questions.
3. Write down every question exactly as stated.
4. Do not stop to discuss, judge, or answer the questions.

Step 3: Improve the Questions.

- 1) Identify open and closed-ended questions.
- 2) Change questions: select one question to change from open to closed-ended and one closed question to open-ended.

Example: *Closed to open*

What did the lion and the boar see to make them cooperate?

What other choices did each have when meeting at the pond?

[The Power of Effective Questioning](#) 5:35 min

